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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
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10/555,657

11/04/2005

Tsumoru Ohata

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53080 7590 12/12/2008
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EXAMINER

LEE, CYNTHIA K

ART UNIT

PAPER NUMBER

1795

MAIL DATE

DELIVERY MODE

12/12/2008

PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No. 10/555,657	Applicant(s) OHATA ET AL.	
	Examiner CYNTHIA LEE	Art Unit 1795	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 November 2008.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,4-9,16-22 and 25 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,4-9,16-22 and 25 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/12/2008 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

This Office Action is responsive to the RCE filed 11/12/2008. Claims 1, 4-9, 16-22 and 25 are pending.

Claims 1, 4-9, 16-22, and 25 are non-finally rejected for reasons stated herein below.

Claims Analysis

To avoid 35 USC 112, 2nd paragraph issues, the limitation "indefinite-shape particle" has been defined as "shapes having knots, bumps, or bulges based on the primary particles, that is, for example, shapes like dendrite, grape clusters, or coral, unlike shapes that are spherical or egg-shaped, or that are similar to such shapes" as supported by the Specification pg 5 paragraph [0009].

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4-6, 9, 16-22 and 25 are rejected 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Delnik (US 5948464), as evidenced by Walls, et. al., (Fumed silica-based composite polymer electrolytes: synthesis, rheology, and electrochemistry, Journal of Power Sources 89 (2000) 156-162).

Delnik discloses a secondary battery comprising a positive electrode, a negative electrode, a separator (applicant's porous electron-insulating layer) adhered to the anode and cathode. See fig 1. A separator is present comprising a fine porous film. The precursor separator solution comprises silica filler and a polymer binder (see Abstract). The separator comprises indefinite-shape particles comprising shapes of dendrites, grape clusters, or coral. See Fig. 2.

Regarding the limitation "a neck is formed between at least a pair of said single crystalline particles, said neck comprising the same material as said single crystalline particles", Delnick discloses of using fumed silica (Delnick's claim 5). It is noted that fumed silica consists of fused silica particles. See Walls, pgs 156.

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Regarding claim 17, Koike discloses that the particle size of the fine particles is between 0.1 um to 50 um, preferably from 5 um to 10 um [0030]. Thus, "the primary particle" would not be more than 10 um.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Delnik (US 5948464) as applied to claim 1.

Delnik discloses all the elements of claims 1 and 16 and are incorporated herein. Delnik discloses that for a lithium-ion cell, the electrodes can be made of oxides and the anode is made of carbon (9:29-33). Delnik does not disclose that the lithium-ion battery comprises a non-aqueous electrolyte and a lithium salt. The Examiner notes that a lithium-ion battery commonly contains a non-aqueous solvent and a lithium salt in the solvent. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add a non-aqueous solvent and a lithium salt in the solvent to make a complete circuit in the battery.

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Claims 7 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Delnik (US 5948464) as applied to claims 1 and 16, in view of Waterhouse (US 4363856).

Delnik discloses all the elements of claims 1 and 16 and are incorporated herein. Delnik does not disclose that the resin binder comprises a polyacrylic acid derivative. Delnik discloses that the resin comprises PVC, PVdF, and EPDM resin (7:5-15). However, Waterhouse teaches of using acrylic acid as a binder for the separator (3:35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute acrylic acid of Waterhouse for Delnik's resin because it has been held by the court that the selection of a known material based on its suitability for its intended use is *prima facie* obvious. *Sinclair & Carroll Co. v. Interchemical Corp.*, 325 U.S. 327, 65 USPQ 297 (1945). See MPEP 2144.07.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 11/12/2008 regarding prior art Koike (JP 07-220759) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Thus, the rejection has been withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments filed 11/12/2008 regarding prior art Takata (US 6638988) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Thus, the rejection has been withdrawn.

Applicant's arguments filed 11/12/2008 have been fully considered and only the relevant arguments will be addressed herein below:

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Applicant relies on Day to argue that fumed silica is an agglomeration of spherical fine particles and has “no neck.” Applicant relies on Khan to argue that fumed silica particles are agglomerated through cross-linking of the functional groups on the surface of the particles instead of necks.

The Examiner remains unpersuaded. Day states (2:45) that “the spheroids are agglomerated in such a way that they form a backbone with branching dendritic structures” (emphasis added). Further, it is noted that the fumed silica is “fused” as evidenced by Walls. See rejection above. Thus, it is noted that fumed silica has necks comprising the same material as the particles. Regarding Applicant’s argument on Khan, the Examiner notes that the cross-linking of the functional groups (C=C) is a microscopic phenomenon and the “neck” formation would occur on a macroscopic level.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cynthia Lee whose telephone number is 571-272-8699. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner’s supervisor, Patrick Ryan can be reached on 571-272-1292. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Cynthia Lee/
Examiner, Art Unit 1795

/PATRICK RYAN/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art
Unit 1795